${}^{T}\!\!\!\!R_{\!p}$ THE REAL PLANNER

Productive Life, Everyday Wellness

TRP WORKBOOK:
PRODUCTIVITY CORE MODULES

Pick 3 values from below

1	2	3
Achievement	Freedom	Personal development
Advancement	Friendships	Physical challenge
Affection	Growth	Pleasure
Arts	Good humour	Positivity
Authenticity	Helping other people	Power and authority
Challenging problems	Helping society	Privacy
Change and variety	Honesty	Public service
Close relationships	Independence	Purity
Community	Influencing others	Quality of what I take part in
Commitment	Inner harmony	Quality relationships
Compassion	Innovation	Recognition
Competence	Integrity	Religion
Competition	Intellectual status	Reputation
Consistency	Involvement	Respect
Cooperation	Job tranquility	Responsibility / Accountabilit
Courage	Knowledge	Security
Creativity	Leadership	Self-respect
Decisiveness	Leisure	Serenity
Democracy	Location	Service to others
Dependability / Reliability	Loyalty	Sincerity
Ecological awareness	Market position	Sophistication
Economic security	Meaningful work	Stability
Education	Merit	Status
Effectiveness	Money	Supervising others
Efficiency	Motivation	Sustainability
Environmentalism	Nature	Time freedom
Ethical practice	Order / Stability / Conformity	Truth
Excellence	Open-mindedness	Wealth
Fame	Optimism	Wholesome
Family	Passion	Wisdom
Fast living	Patriotism	Working under pressure
Financial gain	Peace	Working with others
Fitness	Perseverance	Working alone

The 4 Tendencies Framework

by Gretchen Rubin

UPHOLDERS	QUESTIONERS
want to know what should be done.	want justifications.
Dealing with an UPHOLDER	Dealing with a QUESTIONER
 They readily meet external and internal expectations. They're self-directed, so they can meet deadlines, work on projects, and take the initiative without much supervision. They enjoy routine and may have trouble adjusting to a break in routine or sudden scheduling changes. They hate to make mistakes, and because of that They may become very angry or defensive when you suggest that they've dropped the ball or done something wrong. They put a high value on follow-through. Don't tell them you're going to do something, and then not do it. They may need to be reminded that, unlike them, others aren't necessarily comforted or energized by getting things done. They may have trouble delegating responsibilities, because they suspect the others aren't dependable. 	 They question all expectations; they meet an expectation only if they believe it's justified. They put a high value on reason, research, and information. They follow the advice of "authorities" only if they trust their expertise. They follow their own judgement-sometimes when it flies in the face of experts who (allegedly) know more. Their persistent questioning may make them seem uncooperative or defiant. They hate anything arbitrary-anything like "Five garments to a fitting room." They may dislike being questioned themselves; they consider their actions carefully so they find it tiresome or even insulting to be asked to justify their decisions. They have have trouble delegating decision-making, because they suspect that others don't have sufficient basis for action.
OBLIGERS	REBELS
need accountability.	want freedom to do something

Dealing with an OBLIGER

- They readily meet outer expectations, but struggle to meet inner expectations.
- They put a high value on meeting commitments to others-"I'll do anything for a client/patient/family member".
- They require deadlines, oversight, monitoring, and other forms of accountability.
- They may have trouble setting limits on others' demands.
- They may be exploited by people who take advantage of them, and because of that...
- They feel resentful and fall into Obliger-rebellion.
- They may have trouble delegating, because they feel that some expectations attach to them personally.
- They must have systems of external accountability in order to meet inner expectations.

Dealing with a REBEL

- They resist both outer and inner expectations.
 They put a high value on freedom, choice, self-expression, and authenticity.
- If someone asks or tells them to do something, they're likely to resist, and because of that...
- They may be easy to manipulate by using their spirit of resistance: "I'll show you," "Watch me," "You can't make me," You're not the boss of me."
- They may choose to act out of love, a sense of mission, belief in a cause.
- They have trouble telling themselves what to do-even when it's something they want to do.
- They may love to meet a challenge in their own way, in their own time.
- They don't respond well to supervision, advice, directions, or routines, schedules, or doing repetitives tasks.
- If they're in a long-term relationship in work or romance, their partner is probably an Obliger.

		365	Days	
Weekends	Pub	lic Holidays	Annual Leaves	Sick Leaves
1	1		1	1
Work Days	Во	onus Days	Total Days	
How to calculate 365 - Weekends - Public Holidays - Annual Leaves - Sick Leaves Work Days	× Tot fre ÷ 24 × Dis ÷ 10	to calculate rk Days al amount of e hours per day* cipline Rating*	How to calculate Weekends + Public Holidays + Annual Leaves + Bonus Days Total Days	Notes Discipline Rating How discipline you are utilising the free time for something purposeful. Rate from 1-10. Total amount of free hours per day All the free hours in a day including the free hours during your work time.
Total Hours			·	How to calculate Total Days x 24
		Divide in	to 3 parts	
1/3 This is the time you do not in into the total free hours be	cause	1/	/3	1/3
you are not being product	tive.	Awake	Hours	Awake Hours
Total Free Hou Total Awake Hours				

Activity Tracker

Total Free Hours			Total Go	pal Ho	urs	
Goal		Goal			Goal	
Start date		Start date			Start date	
End date		End date			End date	
Sub goal	Hours					
Goal hours		Goal hours			Goal hours	

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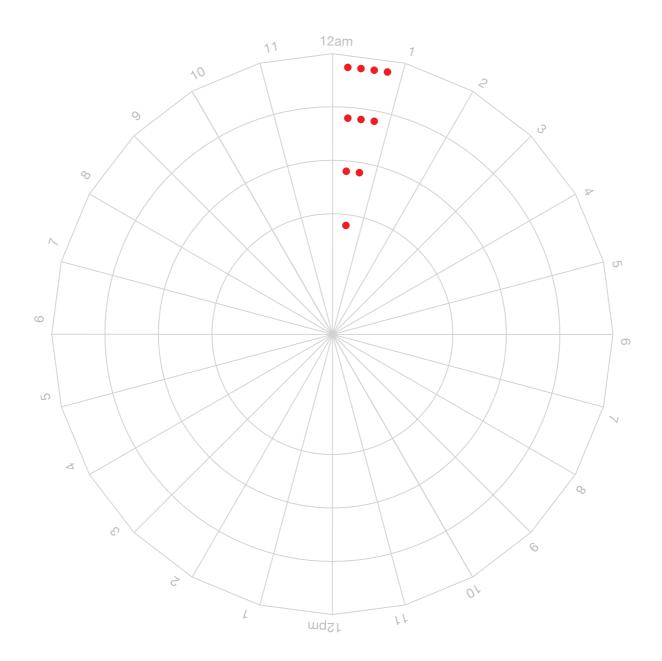
3 Delegate	1 First
• •	• • •
Not Important + Urgent	Important + Urgent
Audience Energy	Contemplative Energy
Watching or listening passively	Planning, deciding, creating, inhibiting (holding myself back from saying, doing or thinking something), setting priorities, making transitions
4 Filler	2 Allocate
Not Important + Not Urgent Habit Energy	Important + Not Urgent Engagement Energy
Mindlessly executing a habitual behaviour	Talking to people, reading or observing with critical faculties

— Important

Urgent

Time	Time
To-dos • •	To-dos ••••
Time	Time
Time	Time
To-dos •	To-dos • • •

- Important



Habit Energy (Low)

Mindlessly executing a habitual behaviour.

Audience Energy (Moderate)

Watching or listening passively.

• • • Engagement Energy (Medium)

Talking to other people, reading, or observing with critical faculties.

Contemplative Energy (High)

Planning, deciding, creating, inhibiting, setting priorities, making transitions.